LOCAL POINCARÉ INEQUALITIES ON METRIC SPACES WITH RICCI-CURVATURE BOUNDED FROM BELOW

Tapio Rajala

Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa tapio.rajala@sns.it

Abstract

Recently Sturm, and independently Lott and Villani gave synthetic notions of Ricci-curvature bounds from below using the theory of optimal transportation. These notions were given in terms of geodesic convexity of functionals on the Wasserstein space $(\mathcal{P}_2(X), W_2)$.

The definitions by Sturm and by Lott and Villani have subtle differences. Both of them are stable under the measured Gromov-Hausdorff convergence, they extend the Riemannian definitions, and they imply many useful properties for the space such as the Brunn-Minkowski and Bishop-Gromov inequalities. Lott and Villani also proved a local (1, 1)-Poincaré inequality in non-branching metric spaces. The assumption on non-branching was rather unfortunate as it is not stable under the measured Gromov-Hausdorff convergence.

In this presentation I will first talk about the different definitions of Riccicurvature bounds in metric spaces. Atter that I will prove a local (1, 1)-Poincaré inequality from the definitions by Lott and Villani without making the extra assumption on non-branching.