Universal Algebra 1 – Exercises 4

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- **Exercise 1.** Let $\mathbf{A} = \langle A, \mathcal{F} \rangle$ be an algebra. Is \emptyset a subuniverse of \mathbf{A} ? Is \emptyset a subalgebra of \mathbf{A} ?
- **Exercise 2.** Let $\mathbf{A} = \langle A, * \rangle$ be a binary algebra and let $\theta \in \text{Eq}(A)$. Prove that $\theta \in \text{Con}(\mathbf{A})$ if and only if for every $a, b \in A$ we have

$$(a,b) \in \theta \implies \begin{cases} (a*c,b*c) \in \theta \\ (c*a,c*b) \in \theta \end{cases} \quad \forall c \in A$$

Exercise 3. Let $\mathbf{A} = \langle A, * \rangle$ be the algebra where $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and * is the binary operation defined by the following multiplication table

Determine all the subuniverses, the subalgebras, and the congruences of \mathbf{A} , then draw the lattices $\operatorname{Sub}(\mathbf{A})$ and $\operatorname{Con}(\mathbf{A})$.

- **Exercise 4.** Prove that the algebra $\langle M_2(\mathbb{Z}), +, -, \cdot \rangle$ is generated by the set $\{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\}$.
- **Exercise 5.** Let **A** be an algebra and let $\theta \in Eq(A)$. Prove that $\theta \in Con(\mathbf{A})$ if and only if θ is a subalgebra of \mathbf{A}^2 .
- **Exercise 6.** Let **A** and **B** be algebras and let $h: \mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{B}$ be a homomorphism.
 - (i) Let $U \in \text{Sub}(\mathbf{A})$ and $V \in \text{Sub}(\mathbf{B})$. Are necessarily $\overrightarrow{h}(U) \in \text{Sub}(\mathbf{B})$ and/or $\overleftarrow{h}(V) \in \text{Sub}(\mathbf{A})$?
 - (ii) Let $\theta \in \operatorname{Con}(\mathbf{A})$ and $\psi \in \operatorname{Con}(\mathbf{B})$. Are necessarily $\overrightarrow{h}(\theta) \in \operatorname{Con}(\mathbf{B})$ and/or $\overleftarrow{h}(\psi) \in \operatorname{Con}(\mathbf{A})$?
 - (iii) Let $X \subseteq A$. Is it true that $\overrightarrow{h}(\operatorname{Sg}^{\mathbf{A}}(X)) = \operatorname{Sg}^{\mathbf{B}}(\overrightarrow{h}(X))$?
- **Exercise 7.** Let $\mathbf{2} = \langle \{0, 1\}, \wedge, \vee \rangle$ be the two element lattice. Prove that for every set X there is a lattice isomorphism $\langle \mathcal{P}(X), \cap, \cup \rangle \cong \mathbf{2}^X$.