

Write a simple code which computes numerically the integral $\int_a^b f(x) dx$ using

- composite **midpoint** rule $M_h(f)$,
- composite **trapezoid** rule $T_h(f)$,
- composite **Simpson** rule $S_h(f)$.

Show by numerical examples the following items:

- (i) the order of the corresponding quadrature is p , i.e., $Q_h(f)$ is exact for polynomials of degree p ,
- (ii) the order of the corresponding composite quadrature is p , i.e., $I(f) - Q_h(f) = O(h^{p+1})$,
- (iii) test and explain, why $I(f) - Q_h(f) = O(h^{p+1})$ is not true for $\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx$?
- (iv) the error estimate of the midpoint formula by the relation

$$E_h \approx \frac{1}{3}(M_h(f) - T_h(f)) \quad (0.1)$$

for smooth and non-smooth functions.

- (v) find an example where the estimate (0.1) fails (for the given h only)

code is available on http://msekce.karlin.mff.cuni.cz/~dolejsi/Vyuka/NS_source/Quad/NC_test.tgz

- download the code on unpack it by the command `tar xfz NC_test.tgz`, directory `NC_test/` will appear
- translate the code `NC.f90` by `make` (the corresponding `Makefile` is attached)
- study the code and modify it in order to solve the tasks given above

Write a code for the **local** and **global** error estimate using the **half-step size method** for the midpoint, trapezoid and Simpson rules:

$$\text{EST}_{R,h/2} = \frac{|Q_{R,h} - Q_{R,h/2}|}{2^{p+1} - 1}$$

where

- $Q_{R,h}$ – result by the quadrature Q ($= M, T, S$) with step h over interval R
 - $R = (a, b)$ – global variant
 - $R = (x_i, x_{i+1})$ – local variant
 - p – order of the method
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1. Modify the code **NC.f90** from the previous tutorial,
 2. test the method for the regular problem ($\int_0^1 x^4 dx$) and a singular problem ($\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx$),
 3. compare the global estimator (EST) with the real error (ERR); effectivity index $i_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\text{EST}}{\text{ERR}}$,
 4. plot the distribution of the local estimators and its comparison with the local real error.
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Possible solution is the code **NC2.f90** in the previous archive

Output files:	midpoint	trapezoid	Simpson	gnuplot command	meaning
$h \rightarrow h/2$	fort.12	fort.22	fort.32	<code>p 'fort.**' u 1:2 w 1</code>	local error estimate distribution
$h/2 \rightarrow h/4$	fort.13	fort.23	fort.33	<code>p 'fort.**' u 1:3 w 1</code>	local error distribution
$h/4 \rightarrow h/8$	fort.14	fort.24	fort.34		
$h/8 \rightarrow h/16$	fort.15	fort.25	fort.35		
global	fort.101	fort.102	fort.103	<code>p 'fort.***' u 2:3 w 1</code> <code>p 'fort.***' u 2:4 w 1</code> <code>p 'fort.***' u 2:5 w 1</code>	error estimate vs. h error vs. h effectivity index vs. h