

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0+} \frac{\sqrt{e^{x^6} - 1}}{x \cdot \log \cos x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0+} \boxed{\frac{\cos x - 1}{\log \cos x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{e^{x^6} - 1}}{x(\cos x - 1)} \stackrel{AL}{=} 1 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0+} \frac{\sqrt{e^{x^6} - 1}}{x(\cos x - 1)} =$$

↓ VOLSF

$$1 \quad f(y) = \frac{y^{-1}}{\log y}, \quad \lim_{y \rightarrow 1} f(y) \stackrel{AL}{=} 1 \quad (P)$$

$$g(x) = \cos x, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x) = 1 \quad \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{cos } x \neq 1 \\ x \in P(0, 2\pi) \end{matrix}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0+} \frac{\sqrt{e^{x^6} - 1}}{x \cdot \boxed{\frac{\cos x - 1}{x^2}} \cdot x^2} \stackrel{AL}{=} -2 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0+} \frac{\sqrt{e^{x^6} - 1}}{x^3} = -2 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0+} \sqrt{\frac{e^{x^6} - 1}{x^6}} =$$

↓ AL  
-1/2

$$\nabla \sqrt{x^6} = |x^3|$$

↓ VOLSF  
1  
vnejší  $\frac{e^{x^6} - 1}{x^6}$   
vnitřní  $x^6$

(P)  $x^6 \neq 0$  pro  $x \neq 0$

$$= \overset{+}{-} 2 \cdot \sqrt{1} = \overset{+}{-} 2, \text{ tedy } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \dots \text{ neexistuje}$$

VOLSF vnejší  $x \rightarrow \sqrt{y}$   
vnitřní  $\frac{e^{x^6} - 1}{x^6}$

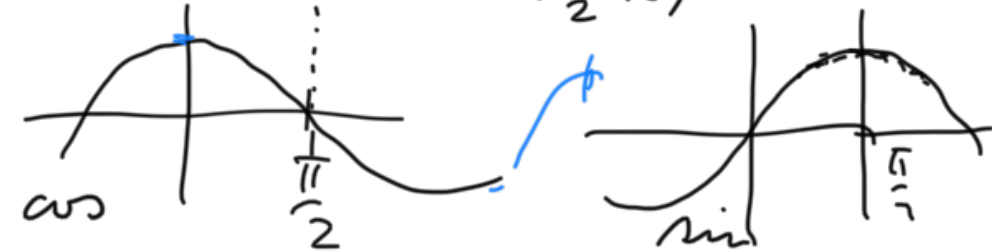
(S) ( $\sqrt{\text{je vyjádření } 1}$ )

1. (0, 1) 1^2 ... 0 = (0, 1) ...  $\sin^2 x$  AL ...  $\log(\cos x)$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\log \sin x) \cdot \log x = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\log \sin x) \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = 1 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = \infty$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\log(\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x))}{\sin^2(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)^2}{\sin^2(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)} \cdot \frac{1}{(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)^2} \cdot \frac{\log(\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x))}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)-1}$$

AL  $\rightarrow 1$ ,  $\frac{0}{0} \rightarrow 1$ , afim' subst.



$\cos x = \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)$   
 $\sin x = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)$

$$\frac{\log(\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x))}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)-1}$$

$\downarrow$  VOLSF  
 $1 \quad f(y) = \frac{\log y}{y-1}$

$g(x) = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x) \neq 1$   
 (P)  $\mathcal{P}(\frac{\pi}{2}, 2\pi)$

$$\frac{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)-1}{(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)^2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$\downarrow$  VOLSF  
 afim' subst.  
 $\delta = \frac{\pi}{2}-x$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{e^x - e^{\sqrt{x}}}{1 - \cos \sqrt{x}} \cdot \sqrt{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\sqrt{x})^2}{1 - \cos \sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(\sqrt{x})^2} \cdot (e^x - e^{\sqrt{x}})$$

$\downarrow$  AL  
 2 VOLSF  
 unibin'  $\sqrt{x}$  rotunci' (P)

$$= 2 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{e^x - e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} = 2 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( \frac{e^x - 1}{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1 - e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) =$$

$$\stackrel{AL}{=} 2 \cdot \left( \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \underbrace{\frac{e^x - 1}{x}}_{\downarrow 1} \cdot \underbrace{\sqrt{x}}_{\downarrow 0} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1 - e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \stackrel{AL}{=} 2 \cdot (1 \cdot 0 - 1) = -2$$

$\parallel$  AL  
 "VOLSF" vnitřní " $\sqrt{x}$  roste" (P)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}\pi} (4x^2 - 9\pi^2) \cdot \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} = \lim_{\gamma \rightarrow 0} \left[ (4(\gamma + \frac{3}{2}\pi)^2 - 9\pi^2) \cdot \frac{\cos(\gamma + \frac{3}{2}\pi)}{1 + \sin(\gamma + \frac{3}{2}\pi)} \right] =$$

$\parallel$   
 $f(g(x))$

"substituce  $\gamma = x - \frac{3}{2}\pi$ "  
 $x = \gamma + \frac{3}{2}\pi$   
 "  $x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}\pi \Rightarrow \gamma \rightarrow 0$  "  
 VOLSF vnější f  
 vnitřní  $g(x) = x - \frac{3}{2}\pi$   $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}\pi} g(x) = 0$   
 "afinní subst."  $\gamma$  je roste (P)

$$= \lim_{\gamma \rightarrow 0} (4\gamma^2 + 12\pi\gamma) \cdot \frac{\overbrace{\cos \gamma}^0 \cdot \overbrace{\cos \frac{3}{2}\pi}^{-1} - \overbrace{\sin \gamma}^0 \cdot \overbrace{\sin \frac{3}{2}\pi}^{-1}}{1 + \underbrace{\sin \gamma}_{\downarrow 0} \overbrace{\cos \frac{3}{2}\pi}^{-1} + \overbrace{\cos \gamma}_{\downarrow 1} \underbrace{\sin \frac{3}{2}\pi}_{-1}}$$

$\parallel$   
 $\sin \gamma$

$$= \lim_{\gamma \rightarrow 0} \frac{\gamma^2}{1 - \cos \gamma} = \lim_{\gamma \rightarrow 0} (4\gamma + 12\pi) \cdot \frac{\sin \gamma}{\gamma} \cdot \frac{\gamma^2}{1 - \cos \gamma} \stackrel{AL}{=} 2$$

$$= 12\pi \cdot 1 \cdot 2 = 24\pi$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \underbrace{\left( \log(m^6 + 5m^3 + 1) - \log(m^6 + 1) \right) \cdot (m^3 + \cos m)}_{f(x_n)}$$

HETNE  
~~2~~

$$f(x) = \left( \log(x^6 + 5x^3 + 1) - \log(x^6 + 1) \right) \cdot (x^3 + \cos x)$$

$$x_n = n \neq +\infty = c$$

Heineova věta

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(x_n) = \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x), \text{ pokud existuje}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n = +\infty$$

$$\Rightarrow c = +\infty$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( \log \frac{x^6 + 5x^3 + 1}{x^6 + 1} \right) \cdot (x^3 + \cos x) =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\log \frac{x^6 + 5x^3 + 1}{x^6 + 1}}{\frac{x^6 + 5x^3 + 1 - x^6 - 1}{x^6 + 1}} \cdot (x^3 + \cos x) =$$

$x \rightarrow +\infty$

$$\frac{x^6 + 5x^3 + 1}{x^6 + 1} - 1$$

$$x^6 + 1$$

$$x^6 + 5x^3 + 1 \neq x^6 + 1$$

$$5x^3 \neq 0$$

↓ VOLSF  
 "migi"  $\log 2$   
 "1"  $10^{-7}$   
 "număr"  $x^6 + 5x^3 + 1$

$$\frac{x^6 + 5x^3 + 1}{x^6 + 1} \neq 1 \text{ pro } x \neq 0 \Rightarrow (P)$$

"migi"  
 $x \rightarrow +\infty$

$$AL = 1 - \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \dots$$

$$\frac{5x^6 + 5x^3 \cos x}{x^6 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \dots$$

$$\frac{5 + \frac{5}{x^3} \cdot \cos x}{1 + \frac{1}{x^6}}$$

$\rightarrow 0$  "numără x omezeată"

$$AL = \frac{5+0}{1+0} = 5$$

↓  
0