

The B-validity of the hypothesis of the AC axiom (1)

On p. 105 it is stated that we may assume w.l.o.g. that

$$\llbracket \exists y \forall x \varphi(x) \leq y \rrbracket = 1_B.$$

This is seen as follows.

(1) Assume $\llbracket \exists y \forall x \varphi(x) \leq y \rrbracket = b = U / \langle \mathcal{D} = \emptyset \rangle$, where $U \in \mathcal{A}$. By the earlier construction during the verification of the validity of the AC axiom there is $\gamma_0 \in \mathcal{R}$ s.t.:

$$(2) \quad b = \llbracket \forall x \varphi(x) \leq \gamma_0 \rrbracket$$

(cf. also top of p. 105).

(2) Define now $\varphi' \in \mathcal{R}^{\mathcal{R}}$ s.t. for all $\xi \in \mathcal{R}$:

$$\varphi'(\xi)(w) := \varphi(\xi)(w), \text{ if } w \in U$$

$$:= \gamma_0(w), \text{ if } w \notin U.$$

As $U \in \mathcal{A}$, $\varphi'(\xi)$ is indeed ~~well-defined~~ $\in \mathcal{R}$.

$$(3) \text{ Claim: } \llbracket \forall x \varphi'(x) \leq \gamma_0 \rrbracket = 1_B.$$

Proof: Because (1)ca), for all $\xi \in \mathcal{R}$:

(2)

$$\{ \omega \in \Omega \mid \varphi'(\xi)(\omega) \leq \varphi_0(\omega) \} \text{ and } \Omega \in \mathcal{P} = \mathcal{C}$$

and outside Ω $\varphi'(\xi)(\omega)$ equivalent to $\varphi_0(\omega)$.

$$\text{So } \mathbb{P} \{ \varphi'(\xi) \leq \varphi_0 \} = \mathbb{P} \{ \varphi_0 \} = 1_B \text{ . } \quad \square \text{ (w.i.)}$$

(4) It remains to show that:

$$\mathbb{P} \{ \text{in the l.u.s. for } \varphi' \} = 1_B \Rightarrow \mathbb{P} \{ \exists \text{ l.u.s. for } \varphi \} \geq \mathbb{P} \{ \varphi_0 \} = 1_B$$

But $\mathbb{P} \{ \varphi' = \varphi_0 \} \geq \mathbb{P} \{ \varphi_0 \}$ and hence \square implies

$$\mathbb{P} \{ \text{in the l.u.s. for } \varphi \} \geq \mathbb{P} \{ \varphi_0 \} = 1_B = \mathbb{P} \{ \varphi_0 \} \text{ .}$$

q.e.d.