

$$F(e^{-\pi x^2}) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} e^{-\pi x^2} e^{-2\pi i x \xi} dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}} e^{-\pi x^2 - 2\pi i x \xi} dx = ?$$

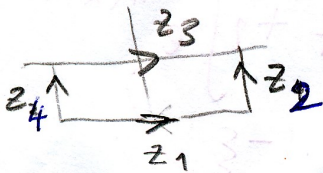
$$\xi > 0 \quad \text{Cauchy} \quad \mathbb{R} \\ 0 = \oint_{C_R} e^{-\pi z^2 - 2\pi i z \xi} dz = \oint_{C_R} e^{-\pi(z^2 + 2\pi i z \xi - \xi^2)} e^{-\pi \xi^2} dz = \oint_{C_R} e^{-\pi(z+i\xi)^2} e^{-\pi \xi^2} dz$$

$$C_R: z_1 = t - i\xi, t \in [-R, R]$$

$$z_2 = R + it, t \in [0, \xi]$$

$$z_3 = t, t \in [-R, R]$$

$$z_4 = -R + it, t \in [0, \xi]$$



$$= e^{-\pi \xi^2} \left[\int_{-R}^R e^{-\pi t^2} dt + i \int_0^\xi e^{-\pi(R+it+i\xi)^2} dt + \int_R^{-R} e^{-\pi(t+i\xi)^2} dt - i \int_0^\xi e^{-\pi(-R+it+i\xi)^2} dt \right]$$

$$R \rightarrow \infty:$$

$$\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} I_1 = e^{-\pi \xi^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\pi t^2} dt \rightarrow \text{Laplace's integral} = e^{-\pi \xi^2} \left| \frac{\text{subst}}{\text{Fubini}} \right|$$

$$\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} I_2 = \lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-\xi}^0 e^{-\pi R^2} e^{2\pi i R(t+\xi)} e^{-(t+\xi)^2} dt = \int_{-\xi}^0 0 = 0$$

pp: majoranta $|e^{-\pi R^2} e^{2\pi i R(t+\xi)} e^{-(t+\xi)^2}| = e^{-\pi R^2} e^{-(t+\xi)^2} \leq e^{-\pi R^2}$ integrab.

$$\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} I_3 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\pi t^2 - 2\pi i \xi t + \pi \xi^2} dt = e^{\pi \xi^2} F(e^{-\pi x^2})(\xi)$$

$$\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} I_4 = \lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-\xi}^0 e^{-\pi(-R+it+i\xi)^2} dt = \int_{-\xi}^0 0 dt = 0$$

pp: majoranta $e^{-\pi R^2} e^{\pi \xi^2}$

$$0 = -e^{-\pi \xi^2} + e^{\pi \xi^2} F(e^{-\pi x^2})(\xi)$$

$$\boxed{e^{-\pi \xi^2} = F(e^{-\pi x^2})(\xi)}$$

$$h_0(x) = e^{-\pi x^2} \quad F(h_0) = h_0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} h_n \\ F(h_n) = h_n i^n \text{ (Wiener)} \\ F^4 = Id \end{array} \right\}$$