

Inverzi 2

$$\underbrace{\prod_{q=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{p_q^x}}}_P = \underbrace{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^x}}_S, \quad \forall x > 1. \quad |29.3.$$

Dz. $x = 1$

1. "≥": rovine $S' < S$... li konverne

$$\exists N \in \mathbb{N} \text{ a. z. } \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{1}{n} > S'$$

uvne prvoischni rozklad (michy)

$$n = p_1^{x_1} \cdots p_j^{x_j}, \quad \text{keel } p_j \dots \text{ prvoischni}$$

($\exists!$ de ZVA) $n_j \in \mathbb{N}$

necht $p_k \dots$ nejvetsi prvoischno

$m \dots$ nejvetsi exponent

$$P \geq \prod_{q=1}^k \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{p_q}} \geq \prod_{q=1}^k \left(\sum_{l=1}^m \frac{1}{p_q^l} \right) =$$

||

$$1 + \frac{1}{p_1} + \frac{1}{p_1^2} + \dots$$

$$= \dots \geq \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} > \underline{S'} \Rightarrow P \geq S$$

↑
normales

2. " \leq ": nehme $P' < P$, li. nehme

$$\exists K \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.d. } P' < \prod_{k=1}^K \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{p_k}} =$$

$$= \prod_{k=1}^{(K)} \left(\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{j=1}^m \frac{1}{p_k^j} \right)$$

(VöAL)

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{j=1}^m \frac{1}{p_k^j}$$

$$\Rightarrow \exists m \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.d. } P' < \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{j=1}^m \frac{1}{p_k^j}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} + \dots \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{konverg. Reihe} \\ \text{mit} \frac{1}{n} \\ \text{von } \frac{1}{m} \end{array} \right) \leq S$$

↑
normales



Pozn. pü. III.2*

$$\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 + q_n) = (1 + q_1)(1 + q_2) \dots$$

$$= 1 + q_1 + q_2 + \dots + q_1 q_2 + q_2 q_3 + \dots$$

↑
"rozmnědit"

aplikace: $\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 + x^{2^n}) = (1 + x)(1 + x^2)(1 + x^4) \dots$

řada: řady s kladnými členy

Pozn. porovnávací kritérium:

$$a_n \leq c \cdot b_n \quad (n \geq n_0) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} (+) \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \sum b_n \text{ sou.} \Rightarrow \sum a_n \text{ sou.} \\ \sum a_n \text{ div.} \Rightarrow \sum b_n \text{ div.} \end{array}$$

"slonkové" kritérium:

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \leq \frac{b_{n+1}}{b_n} \quad (n \geq n_0) \quad \dots \quad (+) \text{ platí}$$

Podobné kritérium

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \rightarrow \underline{q} \dots q < 1 \Rightarrow \sum a_n \text{ konv.}$$

$$q > 1 \Rightarrow \sum a_n \text{ div.}$$

$$\boxed{q = 1} \quad ??$$

Radocho krit.

$$n \left(\frac{a_n}{a_{n+1}} - 1 \right) \rightarrow \underline{\underline{r}} \dots r > 1 \Rightarrow \sum a_n \text{ konv.}$$

$$r < 1 \Rightarrow \sum a_n \text{ div.}$$

Pozn ad IV 3,4:

$$\sum a_n \text{ div.} \Rightarrow \exists \tilde{a}_n \text{ s.ř. } \frac{a_n}{\tilde{a}_n} \rightarrow \cancel{0} \quad \infty$$

$$\text{leč } \sum \tilde{a}_n \text{ div.}$$

$$\sum a_n \text{ konv.} \Rightarrow \exists \tilde{a}_n \text{ s.ř. } \frac{\tilde{a}_n}{a_n} \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\text{leč. } \sum \tilde{a}_n \text{ konv.}$$

ad IV.1. idea : somme $\sum a_n$, $\sum \frac{1}{n^k}$
pomocí J.1 (stomatové kříž.)

$$(ii) \quad \frac{\frac{1}{n+1}}{\frac{1}{n}} \leq \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \iff ??$$

$$(i) \quad \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \stackrel{?}{\leq} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{n+1}\right)^k}{\frac{1}{n^k}} = \left(1 + \frac{k}{n}\right)^{-1}$$

Maté: $1 + kx \leq (1+x)^k \leq 1 + 2x$

$k < 2$ země
 $x > 0$ měle

ad IV.2 : $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$

$$a_n = \frac{(1+\alpha)(2+\alpha)\cdots(n+\alpha)}{n!}, \quad \alpha > 0$$

ad IV.3 ?? $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ konv; $b_n = \frac{a_n}{\rho_n}$

\Rightarrow B.C. podmínka: $\exists n_0 \in \mathbb{N}. \forall m > n_0$

$$\frac{1}{2} \geq \sum_{n=n_0+1}^m b_n = \sum_{n=n_0+1}^m \frac{a_n}{\rho_n} \geq \frac{1}{\rho_m} \sum_{n=n_0+1}^m a_n$$

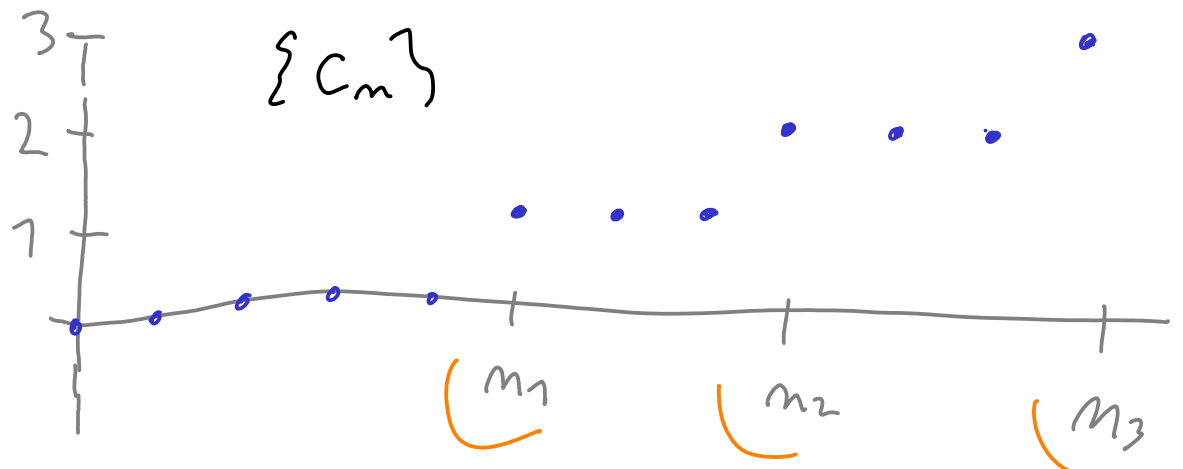
let: $\sum_{n=n_0+1}^m a_n = \rho_m - \rho_{n_0}$

ij: $\frac{1}{2} \geq \frac{\rho_m - \rho_{n_0}}{\rho_m} = 1 - \frac{\rho_{n_0}}{\rho_m}$

\Rightarrow SPOR (m veľké)

\downarrow
0

ad IV.4.



n_1 --- index marginál $0 \rightarrow 1$

rolim s.r. $\sum_{n=n_1}^{\infty} a_n < \frac{1}{2}$

n_2 --- index marginál $1 \rightarrow 2$

rolime s.r. $\sum_{n=n_2}^{\infty} 2 a_n < \frac{1}{4}$

ad IV.2* $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{P_k} \quad (??)$