

$$A1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^n + n! + n^5}{n^{n-1} + 5^n} (\sqrt{n^2+1} - n) =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^n \left(1 + \frac{n!}{(n+1)^n} + \frac{n^5}{(n+1)^n}\right)}{n^{n-1} \left(1 + 5 \cdot \frac{5^{n-1}}{n^{n-1}}\right)} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1} + n} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + \frac{n!}{(n+1)^n} + \frac{n^5}{(n+1)^n}}{1 + 5 \cdot \frac{5^{n-1}}{n^{n-1}}} \cdot \underbrace{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right)^{n+1}}_{= e} \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}} + 1)} =$$

$$= \frac{1+0+0}{1+5 \cdot 0} \cdot e \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+0} + 1} = 1 \cdot e \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{e}{2}$$

$$A2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \underbrace{\sqrt[n]{3^{2n} + 5^n + 7^{n+2} + n^n}}_{\text{označme } a_n. \text{ Pak:}} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3^{2n} &= 9^n \leq n^n \\ 5^n &\leq n^n \\ 7^{n+2} &= 49 \cdot 7^n \leq n^n \end{aligned}$$

od jistého  $n_0$

$$\sqrt[n]{n^n} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2} \leq a_n \leq \sqrt[n]{n^n + n^n + 49n^n + n^n} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\parallel$$

$$n \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\frac{1}{n}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$0$$

 $\Rightarrow$ 

(LO2P)

 $0$ 

$$\parallel$$

$$\sqrt[n]{52} \cdot \sqrt[n]{n^n} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\sqrt[n]{52} \cdot \frac{1}{n}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$1 \cdot 0$$

 $\Leftarrow$

$$A3) \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[4]{m^5+1} - \sqrt[3]{m^4+m^2}}{\sqrt[6]{8m^8+100m^7} - \sqrt[5]{3m^6+5m^4}} = \left[ \begin{array}{l} \frac{4}{3} > \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{8}{6} = \frac{4}{3} > \frac{6}{5} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[4]{1+\frac{1}{m^5}} \cdot m^{\frac{5}{4}} - \sqrt[3]{1+\frac{1}{m^2}} \cdot m^{\frac{4}{3}}}{\sqrt[6]{8+\frac{100}{m}} \cdot m^{\frac{8}{6}} - \sqrt[5]{3+\frac{5}{m^2}} \cdot m^{\frac{6}{5}}} = \left[ \begin{array}{l} \frac{5}{4} - \frac{4}{3} = \frac{15-16}{12} \\ \frac{6}{5} - \frac{4}{3} = \frac{18-20}{15} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{m^{\frac{4}{3}} \left( -\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{1}{m^2}} + \sqrt[4]{1+\frac{1}{m^5}} \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{12}} \right)}{m^{\frac{4}{3}} \left( \sqrt[6]{8+\frac{100}{m}} - \sqrt[5]{3+\frac{5}{m^2}} \cdot x^{-\frac{2}{15}} \right)} =$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt[3]{1+0} + \sqrt[4]{1+0} \cdot 0}{\sqrt[6]{8+0} - \sqrt[5]{3+0} \cdot 0} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt[6]{8}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt[6]{2^3}} = -2^{-\frac{3}{6}} = -2^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \underline{\underline{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}}$$

$$B1) \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sqrt[3]{m^4+2m^3+m+6} - \sqrt[3]{m^4+2m^3-m} \right) = \left[ \begin{array}{l} a-b = \\ = a-b \cdot \frac{a^2+ab+b^2}{a^2+ab+b^2} = \\ = \frac{a^3-b^3}{a^2+ab+b^2} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{m^4+2m^3+m+6 - (m^4+2m^3-m)}{(m^4+2m^3+m+6)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (m^4+2m^3+m+6)^{\frac{1}{3}}(m^4+2m^3-m)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (m^4+2m^3-m)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2m+6}{m^{\frac{8}{3}} \left( 1+\frac{2}{m}+\frac{1}{m^3}+\frac{6}{m^4} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + m^{\frac{4}{3}} \left( 1+\frac{2}{m}+\dots \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} m^{\frac{4}{3}} \left( 1+\frac{2}{m}+\dots \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + m^{\frac{8}{3}} \left( 1+\frac{2}{m}-\dots \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2m+6}{m^{\frac{8}{3}}} \cdot \frac{1}{\left( \quad \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left( \quad \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left( \quad \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left( \quad \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \left( \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2+\frac{6}{m}}{m^{\frac{5}{3}}} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{1+1+1} =$$

$$= \frac{2+0}{\infty} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$B2) \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(m+1)! \cdot (1+2+3+\dots+m)}{(m^2+5+m!+\ln m)m^k}, \quad k \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(m+1)! \cdot \frac{m(m+1)}{2}}{m! \left( \frac{m^2}{m!} + \frac{5}{m!} + 1 + \frac{\ln m}{m!} \right) m^k} =$$

$$= \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\frac{m^2}{m!} + \frac{5}{m!} + 1 + \frac{\ln m}{m!}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(m+1)! \cdot m(m+1)}{m! \cdot m^k} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{0+0+1+0} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(m+1)^2}{m^{k-1}} = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{m^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{m}\right)^2}{m^{k-1}} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot (1+0)^2 \cdot \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{m^2}{m^{k-1}} = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} m^{3-k} =$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 = 0 & , \text{ pořadí } k > 3 ; \\ \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{2} & , \text{ pořadí } k = 3 ; \\ \frac{1}{2} \cdot \infty = \infty & , \text{ pořadí } k < 3 . \end{cases}$$

$$B3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 - 3x - 2}{x^3 + x - x^2 - 1} = \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{dosazením } x=1 \rightsquigarrow \frac{0}{0} \\ \text{Tedy 1 je kořenem obou polynomů} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (2x^3 + 3x^2 - 3x - 2) : (x-1) = 2x^2 + 5x + 2 \\ -(2x^3 - 2x^2) \\ \hline 5x^2 - 3x - 2 \\ -(5x^2 + 5x) \\ \hline 2x - 2 \end{array}$$

$$x^3 + x - x^2 - 1 = x^3 - x^2 + x - 1 = x^2(x-1) + (x-1) = (x-1)(x^2+1).$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(2x^2+5x+2)}{(x-1)(x^2+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^2+5x+2}{x^2+1} = \frac{2 \cdot 1^2 + 5 \cdot 1 + 2}{1^2 + 1} = \frac{9}{2}$$

1. Zápóčtový test A (VZOR)  
ZS 2021/2022

Spóčtíte následující limity:

$$(1) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^n + n! + n^5}{n^{n-1} + 5^n} (\sqrt{n^2+1} - n).$$

$$(2) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{3^{2n} + 5^n + 7^{n+2} + n^n} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}}{\sqrt[4]{n^5 + 1} - \sqrt[3]{n^4 + n^2}}$$

$$(3) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[9]{8n^8 + 100n^7} - \sqrt[9]{3n^6 + 5n^4}}{\sqrt[9]{8n^8 + 100n^7} - \sqrt[9]{3n^6 + 5n^4}}$$

1. Zápóčtový test B (VZOR)  
ZS 2021/2022

Spóčtíte následující limity:

$$(1) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sqrt[3]{n^4 + 2n^3 + n + 6} - \sqrt[3]{n^4 + 2n^3 - n} \right)$$

$$(2) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)! \cdot (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n)}{(n^2 + 5 + n! + \ln n) n^k} \quad ; \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \text{ je paramétr}$$

$$(3) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 - 3x - 2}{x^3 + x - x^2 - 1}$$